Maternal Mortality

Looking through a Race Lens



 Source: https://news.yahoo.com/3-women-ran-4x100-relay-145024475.html?guccounter=1&guce_referrer=aHR0cHM6Ly93d3cuZ29vZ2xlLmNvbS8&guce_referrer_sig=A QAAAEM48EE4_itChblrRAl8fbe0XKet9hStYoVEmS2vWimzGHvDDrD2YMv-RIAvDThh2hTn3ujRKQRAPUSicYK6vF9B4tNuovkV6gdBLcLBE2u2sR91wlJOKGWe2eqt-jA54 KfC7ctZKcP6LzyŪY-WutrNQ7FjuE_Wbc1tjgPwLXe4Q#:~:text=Four%20women%20competed%20for%20the,faced%20life%2Dthreatening%20pregnancy%20complic ations

According to the CDC...

- More than 80% of pregnancy-related deaths in the U.S. are preventable
- Black women are three times more likely to die from a pregnancy-related cause than White women.
 - variation in quality healthcare
 - underlying chronic conditions
 - structural racism
 - implicit bias

Racism

- Black birthing people are more likely to die due to pregnancy complications regardless of education or socioeconomic status
- Black birthing people death are reduced by:
 - Physical proximity to care
 - Care providers that are also black
 - Longer appointments/more time with providers
 - Increased care for mental health

Community Healthcare

- Tandem is a community birth center and gynecology clinic
- Midwifery model of care (longer appointment times, whole-person care, more postpartum visits)
- Trauma-informed staff

